U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Citizenship and Immigration Services

ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OFFICE CIS, AAO, 20 Mass, 3/F 425 I Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20536



FILE:

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Office: Nebraska Service Center

Date:

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FEB 2 0 2004

IN RE: Applicant:

APPLICATION: Application for Temporary Protected Status under Section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act,

8 U.S.C. § 1254

ON BEHALF OF APPLICANT:

Self-represented

INSTRUCTIONS:

on of personal per This is the decision in your case. All documents have been returned to the office that originally decided your case. Any further inquiry must be made to that office.

If you believe the law was inappropriately applied or the analysis used in reaching the decision was inconsistent with the information provided or with precedent decisions, you may file a motion to reconsider. Such a motion must state the reasons for reconsideration and be supported by any pertinent precedent decisions. Any motion to reconsider must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reconsider, as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.5(a)(1)(i).

If you have new or additional information that you wish to have considered, you may file a motion to reopen. Such a motion must state the new facts to be proved at the reopened proceeding and be supported by affidavits or other documentary evidence. Any motion to reopen must be filed within 30 days of the decision that the motion seeks to reopen, except that failure to file before this period expires may be excused in the discretion of Citizenship and Immigration Services (CIS) where it is demonstrated that the delay was reasonable and beyond the control of the applicant or petitioner.

Any motion must be filed with the office that originally decided your case along with a fee of \$110 as required under 8 C.F.R. § 103.7.

> Ciudyn. Somery for Robert P. Wiemann, Director Administrative Appeals Office

DISCUSSION: The application was denied by the Director, Nebraska Service Center, and is now before the Administrative Appeals Office on appeal. The appeal will be dismissed.

The applicant is a native and citizen of Honduras who is seeking Temporary Protected Status (TPS) under section 244 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (the Act), 8 U.S.C. § 1254.

The director determined that the evidence furnished by the applicant did not contain all of the requested information. He further determined that the applicant failed to submit evidence, as had been requested, to establish that she was eligible for filing after the initial registration period from January 5, 1999 to August 20, 1999. The director, therefore, denied the application.

On appeal, the applicant states that she entered the United States before November 1998, and she has continuously resided and has never traveled outside of the United States since her entry. The applicant further states that she has furnished proof of her residence. She requests that her application be reconsidered.

The applicant submits a Notice of Entry of Appearance as Attorney or Representative (Form G-28) signed by No statement, however, is included with the Form G-28 to establish that Mr. Meets the requirements enumerated in 8 C.F.R. 292.1(a). Nor is there evidence that Mr. is authorized under 8 C.F.R. § 292.1 or 292.2 to represent the applicant. In addition, the Form G-28 was signed incorrectly, with counsel's and the applicant's signatures reversed. The applicant, therefore, is considered to be self-represented.

Section 244(c) of the Act, and the related regulations in 8 C.F.R. § 244.2, provide that an alien who is a national of a foreign state designated by the Attorney General is eligible for temporary protected status only if such alien establishes that he or she:

- (a) Is a national, as defined in section 101(a)(21) of the Act, of a foreign state designated under section 244(b) of the Act;
- (b) Has been continuously physically present in the United States since the effective date of the most recent designation of that foreign state;

- (c) Has continuously resided in the United States since such date as the Attorney General may designate;
- (d) Is admissible as an immigrant except as provided under § 244.3;
- (e) Is not ineligible under 8 C.F.R. § 244.4; and
- (f) (1) Registers for TPS during the initial registration period announced by public notice in the Federal Register, or
 - (2) During any subsequent extension of such designation if at the time of the initial registration period:
 - (i) The applicant is a nonimmigrant or has been granted voluntary departure status or any relief from removal;
 - (ii) The applicant has application for change of status, adjustment of status, voluntary departure, or any relief from removal which is pending subject to further review or appeal;
 - (iii) The applicant is a parolee or has a pending request for reparole; or
 - (iv) The applicant is a spouse or child of an alien currently eligible to be a TPS registrant.
- (g) Has filed an application for late registration with the appropriate Service director within a 60-day period immediately following the expiration or termination of condition described in paragraph (f)(2) of this section.

The term continuously resided as used in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1 means residing in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations and since December 30, 1998. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous residence in the United States by reason of a brief, casual, and innocent absence as defined within this section or due merely to a brief temporary trip abroad required by emergency or extenuating circumstances outside the control of the alien.

The term continuously physically present as used in 8 C.F.R. § 244.1 means actual physical presence in the United States for the entire period specified in the regulations and since January 5, 1999. An alien shall not be considered to have failed to maintain continuous physical presence in the United States by virtue of brief, casual, and innocent absences as defined within this section.

The record reflects that the applicant filed her TPS application on July 24, 2002. In a notice of intent to deny dated November 23, 2002, the applicant was requested to submit evidence of her presence in the United States since January 5, 1999, and evidence that she was eligible for filing after the initial registration period from January 5, 1999 to August 20, 1999. The director noted that although the applicant, in response, furnished additional evidence of her residence, no evidence was furnished to establish that she was eligible for filing after the initial registration period from January 5, 1999 to August 20, 1999.

Aliens applying under the provisions for late initial registration must provide evidence to prove that they are eligible because during the initial registration period of January 5, 1999 through August 20, 1999, they fell within the provisions described in 8 C.F.R. \S 244.2(f)(2) (listed above).

The applicant, on appeal, submits no evidence to establish that she has met any of the criteria for late registration described in $8 \text{ C.F.R.} \S 244.2(f)(2)$.

The burden of proof is upon the applicant to establish that she meets the requirements enumerated above and is otherwise eligible under the provisions of section 244 of the Act. The applicant has failed to meet this burden. The appeal will be dismissed.

ORDER: The appeal is dismissed.